

## Key areas of disagreement over European legislation to include aviation in the EU Emissions Trading scheme (4 pages)

## Updated 22.05.09

	Cap	Start date	Weight exemption	Treatment of non- CO2 effects	Allocation: auctioning or benchmarking	Gateway for CDM/JI	Gateway to other
European Commission Directive: 2003/87/EC	100% of the average aviation emissions from 2004-2006	Intra-EU flights January 2011; flights to and from the rest of the world January 2012	Aircraft of 5,700 kg or lighter should be exempt.	Nitrogen oxide emissions (Nox emissions) should be addressed in other legislation.	Combination of benchmarking and auctioning. The percentage of allocation which is auctioned should correspond 'to the average percentage proposed by the Member States including auctioning in their national allocation plans' for phase II (NGOs estimated this as 3%).	Emission Reduction Units and Certified Emission Reductions should be permitted from the Clean Development Mechanism or Joint Implementation projects.	sectors
Environment Committee draft opinion	75% of the average aviation emissions from 2004-2006, decreasing over time to help meet the 20 or 30% reduction targets by 2020.	2010 for all flights		Pending further study into Nox, a multiplier of 2 is needed; cirrus cloud and contrail formation should be limited by effective air traffic control.	50% of the allocation should be by auction, with a proportion of allowances set aside for new entrants to the market. This proportion may be increased in future.		

Parliament	90% of 2004-2006	2011 for all	Aircraft of	A multiplier of 2	25% by auction; from 2013	Access to credits f	rom other
vote	average emissions;	flights	20,000 kg or	should be applied	the level of auction should	sectors or from CDM/JI	
November 07	baseline can be		lighter to be	till NOx measures	be equal to the highest level	limited to 13% for aviation	
	revised only		exempt (but	are in place	for any other sector	sector	
	downward		only if they				
			participate				
			in a credible				
			offset				
			scheme -				
			mention of				
			gold				
			standard)				
Council	100% of average	2012 for all	Weight	Nox emissions to	10% by auction; revenues	Only 15% of	No
common	2004-2006 levels	flights	exemption	be addressed	from this 'should' be used	allowances can	proposed
position	(equivalent to 90%		as in	independently by	for climate change	be from CDM/JI	limits on
April 08	above 1990 levels,		Commission	2008; no multiplier	mitigation, but this would	projects	access to
	calculates WWF)		proposal	proposed	not be mandatory; 3% of		credits
			(5,700 kg)		total allowances to be set		from other
					aside in a 'special reserve'		sectors
					for new entrants or very fast		
					growing airlines;		
					benchmark based on 110 kg		
					per passenger		

NGO	50% of average	2010 for all		A multiplier of at	100% by auction	Stringent	
position	2004-2006	flights		least 2 should be		quantitative and	
	emissions for the			used pending		qualitative limits	
	phase ending			specific policies		should be set on	
	2012; after that,			on nitrous oxide		use of CDM and JI	
	the cap should be			and aviation-		credits. The limit	
	determined by the			induced clouds.		should be set at a	
	30% by 2020					fraction of the cap,	
	reduction target.					not a fraction of	
						emissions.	
Final	97% of 2004-2006	2012 for all	Aircraft with a	Nox emissions	15% by auction (while	For 2012, up to	No
negotiated	levels for 2012;	flights	maximum take-	will be addressed	those being allocated	15% of allowances	restrictions
agreement	95% from 2013		off mass of less	in other	for free will use an RTK	can be from	on airlines'
July 08	unless		than 5,700 kg	legislation	benchmark based on	CDM/JI projects	purchase of
	amendments		will be	brought forward	100 kg per passenger);	(CERs and ERUs);	credits from
	arising from the		exempted	by the	from 2013 this	from 2013, this	other sectors
	general ETS			Commission in	percentage may be	percentage will be	
	review specify			2008 and	increased as part of the	reviewed as part	
	otherwise			research on the	general ETS review	of the general ETS	
				formation of		review	
				contrails and			
				cirrus clouds			
				should be			
				promoted.			

Changes as a	No change	No change	No change	No change	No change; percentage of	For 2012, up to	No change
result of					credits to be purchased will	15% of	(it should be
Climate and					remain fixed at 15%; auction	allowances can	noted that
Energy					level for other sectors not at	be from CDM/JI	this will
Package					risk of carbon leakage is	projects (CERs	offset to
December 08					more stringent, with at least	and ERUs); from	some extent
					60% auctioning across the	2013, this will be	the reduction
					scheme as a whole by 2020;	reduced	in aviation's
					for a full breakdown of	substantially;	direct access
					auction levels please see	the precise	to project
					Europa Memo 09/796 at	percentage is yet	credits as
					http://tinyurl.com/cww4qe	to be defined but	other sectors
						the guaranteed	have been
						minimum level	allowed
						is 1.5% from	easier access
						2013 onwards	to CDM/JI)

It was agreed at an early stage that the scheme should cover all flights arriving at or departing from the EU.

The council proposed a de minimis clause exempting airlines with very low traffic levels. The final agreement endorses this, and adds a further exemption for those with low emissions levels. Specifically, it excludes flights operated by a commercial air transport operator operating either (i) fewer than 243 flights per 4 month period for three consecutive periods, or (ii) flights with total annual emissions lower than 10,000 tonnes per year.